



▶ General Macroeconomic Indicators

	2012	2013	2014	2015
• Population (millions)	4.425	4.467	4.510	4.554
• GDP ¹				
- Nominal GDP (billion LBP)	66,481	71,755	75,291	77,136
- GDP per capita, PPP (current international dollar) ²	17,037	17,579	18,052	18,240
- Real GDP growth rate	2.8%	2.5%	2.0%	1.0%
- Inflation (end of period prices)	10.1%	1.1%	-0.7%	(-3.4%)
Reserves (million USD)				
- Gross foreign currency reserves	29,972	31,713	32,403	30,638
- Gold (end of period prices)	15,312	11,104	10,951	9,848
Public Finance (billion LBP)				
- Government revenues	14,164	14,201	16,400	14,435
- Government expenditures	20,081	20,563	21,032	20,393
- Government surplus (deficit)	(5,597)	(6,235)	(4,632)	(5,958)
- Primary surplus (deficit)	(166)	(361)	1,970	1,092
- Government surplus (deficit) as a % of GDP	(9.1%)	(9.3%)	(6.2%)	(10.0%)
Foreign Trade				
-Total exports (billion LBP)	6,761	5,935	4,995	4,450
-Total imports (billion LBP)	32,091	32,014	30,904	27,529
-Trade surplus (deficit) as % of GDP	(25.3%)	(24.1%)	(22.8%)	(20.0%)
-Current account surplus (deficit) as a % of GDP ³	(24.3%)	(26.7%)	(26.9%)	(25.0%)
- Public Debt (billion LBP)	, ,	,	, ,	
- Gross government debt	86,959	95,710	100,356	106,011
- Domestic currency debt	50,198	56,312	61,752	65,195
- Foreign currency debt	36,761	39,398	38,604	40,816
- Gross debt as % of GDP ¹	131%	133%	133%	139%
Real Estate Indicators				
- Cement deliveries (thousand tons)	5,309	5,455	5,517	5,043
- Construction permits issued (thousand sqm)	14,681	12,925	13,546	12,352
- Real estate transactions (million USD)	9,175	8,708	8,952	8,006
Energy Indicators				
- Electricity production (million kWh)	10,966	12,096	12,522	12,520
- Imports of petroleum derivatives (metric tons)	6,101,864	6,074,215	6,833,223	7,632,368
Beirut Airport Indicators (number of passengers)				
- Arrivals	2,885,218	3,027,834	3,222,616	3,518,150
- Departures	3,018,007	3,219,409	3,332,322	3,687,878
Commerce				
- Port of Beirut ship activity (number of vessels)	2,125	2,026	2,110	2,050
- Port of Beirut activity (thousands incoming, outgoing, transit tons)	6,637	7,291	8,281	8,216
- Beirut Airport activity (thousands arrivals, departures, transfers)	5,950	6,263	6,569	7,244
• Remittances (million USD) - Inflows	6,671	8,805	7,404	7,163
- Outflows	4,698		5,604	7,163 N/A
• FDI Flows (million USD)	4,030	5,352	3,004	N/A
- Inward ⁴	3,170	2,880	3,070	N/A
- Outward	1,009	2,880 1,962	1,893	N/A N/A
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Note: Exchange rate of 1,507.5 LBP = 1 USD is used to convert between currencies

Deflation reached a record low in over two decades mirroring the decline in global prices for food, energy and other commodities.

Source: MoF, IMF, World Bank, BDL, Port of Beirut

^{1.} Values for 2014 and 2015 estimated by the IMF.

^{2.} Values for 2013, 2014 and 2015 estimated by the IMF.

^{3.} Values for 2015 estimated by the IMF.

^{4.} Values for 2015 estimated by the World Bank .



▶ Central Bank Balance Sheet

Billions LBP	2012	2013	2014	2015	YoY
• Assets					
- Gold	23,083	16,739	16,509	14,846	-10.1%
- Foreign currencies	45,184	47,808	48,847	46,187	-5.4%
- Claims on private sector	380	401	449	451	+0.4%
- Loans to banks and financial corporations	2,438	3,466	6,361	7,574	+19.1%
- Claims on public sector	55	0	0	0 /	/
- Securities portfolio	24,990	23,846	29,314	36,924	+26.0%
- Fixed assets	387	379	342	331	-3.2%
- Exchange operations of financial instruments	0	0	0	17,379	-
- Unclassified assets ¹	19,096	23,462	27,371	13,345	-51.2%
Total Assets	115,613	116,100	129,194	1/37,037	+6.1%
• Liabilities					
- Currency in circulation outside BDL	3,639	3,983	4,254	4,706	+10.6%
- Deposits of banks and financial corporations ²	77,111	82,033	97,979	109,914	+12.2%
- Liabilities to the private sector	49	50	68	80	+17.4%
- Public sector accounts	8,908	11,033	9,123	8,154	-10.6%
- Valuation adjustment	14,708	8,426	8,146	6,401	-21.4%
- Securities other than shares ³	3,015	2,605	1,867	0	-100%
- Foreign liabilities	326	328	325	321	-1.0%
- Special long-term liabilities	2,202	1,900	1,598	1,297	-18.8%
- Capital accounts	5,080	5,134	5,174	5,340	+3.2%
- Unclassified liabilities ⁴	576	608	661	824	+24.6%
Total Liabilities	115,613	116,100 /	129,194	137,037	+6.1%

Central Bank benefits from comfortable FX buffers despite yearly decline in foreign currency reserves, as FX in months of imports and FX in percent of short-term external debt are above regional benchmarks.

Note: Totals may be slightly off due to rounding

- 1. Unclassified assets include the following items: other debtor accounts, counterparty securities, accounts receivable, regularization account, inventory and fixed assets.
- 2. Includes investment banks and financial institutions.
- 3. Certificates of Deposit issued by BDL.
- 4. Unclassified liabilities include the following items: notes payable, other creditor accounts and regularization account.

YOY figures represent the percent difference between the most recent year as compared to the previous year.

Source: BDL



▶ Public Revenues

Billions LBP	2012	2013	2014	2015	YoY		
Total Revenues (a+b)	14,164	14,201	16,400	14,435	-12.0%		
a. Treasury Receipts	691	816	1,658	800	-51.7%		
b. Budget Revenues (i+ii)	13,473	13,385	14,742	13,635	-7.5%		
i. Tax Revenues	10,187	10,116	10,388	10,330	-0.6%		
- Taxes on income, profits & capital gains (including Income Tax on Profits, Wages and Salaries, Capital Gains and Dividends; Tax on Interest Income (5%); Penalties on Income Tax)	2,516	2,502	2,795	2,887	+3.3%		
- Taxes on property (including Built Property Tax, Real Estate Registration Fees)	1,193	1,201	1,245	1,179	-5.3%		
 Domestic taxes on goods & services (including Value Added Tax and Taxes on Goods and Services, especially Private Car Registration Fees and Passenger Departure Tax) 	3,749	3,782	3,811	3,717	-2.5%		
- Taxes on international trade (including Customs; Excises on Gasoline, Tobacco and Cars)	2,251	2,158	2,042	2,064	+1.1%		
- Other tax revenue	470	470	405	402	3 40/		
(namely fiscal stamp fees)	478	473	495	483	-2.4%		
ii. Non-tax Revenues	3,286	3,269	4,354	3,305	-24.1%		
- Income from public institutions and gov't prop. (including non-financial public enterprises such as Casino du Liban, Port of Beirut, National Lottery and Telecoms; transfers from BDL; Property Income, name- ly rent from RHIA; other interests)	3,289	2,518	3,498	2,313	-33.9%		
- Administrative fees & charges (including fees for notaries, passports, public security, vehicle control, driving licenses and judicial fees; work permit fees; and more)	587	606	675	793	+17.5%		
- Penalties and confiscations	10	9	11	28	+154.6%		
- Other non-tax revenues (mostly retirement deductibles)	159	136	170	171	+0.6%		
Decline in property taxes and real estate indicators reflect a contraction in real estate activity as investment sentiment is affected by challenging domestic/ uncertain regional outlook. Revenues decreased on the back of lower treasury receipts from softer economic activity and non-tax revenues weighed by significantly lower telecom transfers.							

Note: Totals may be slightly off due to rounding

 $YOY\ figures\ represent\ the\ percent\ difference\ between\ the\ most\ recent\ year\ as\ compared\ to\ the\ previous\ year.$

Source: MoF



▶ Public Expenditures

Billion LBP	2012	2013	2014	2015	YOY
Total Expenditures	20,081	20,563	21,032	20,393	-3.0%
a. Current Expenditures	17,753	17,966	18,524	17,603	-4.5%
i. Interest payments (including local and foreign currency debt)	5,457	5,714	6,314	6,722	+6.5%
ii. Transfers to Électricité du Liban	3,408	3,056	3,157	1,711	-45.8%
ii. Other current expenditures (including personnel costs; foreign debt principal repayment; materials and sup- plies; and more)	8,888	9,196	9,053	9,170	+1.3%
b. Capital Expenditures (including equipment and maintenance for ongoing infrastructure construction; and more)	760	987	883	888	+0.6%
c. Budget Advances	216	233	263	228	-13.3%
d. Customs Administration	42	40	47//	56	+19.2%
e. Treasury Expenditures	1,304	1,331	1,313	1,616	+23.1%
f. Unclassified Expenditures	-	5	2	3	+50.0%
	Current ov	menditures decre	ared from		

Current expenditures decreased from lower transfers to EDL helped by weaker oil prices, despite increase in treasury expenditures from telecom arrears owed to municipalities and higher government salaries, wages and benefits.

Note: Totals may be slightly off due to rounding

YOY figures represent the percent difference between the most recent year as compared to the previous year.

Source: MoF

▶ Government Budget

Bill	lion LBP	2014	2015	% Change
•	Revenues	16,400	14,435	-12.0%
•	Expenditures	21,032	20,393	-3.0%
•	Fiscal surplus (deficit)	(4,632)	(5,958)	+28.6%
•	Primary surplus (deficit)	1,970	1,092	-44.6%

Source: MoF



▶ Public Debt

Billion LBP	2012	2013	2014	2015	YTD
• Gross Government Debt (a+b)	86,959	95,710	100,356	106,011	+5.6%
a. Domestic Currency Debt	50,198	56,312	61,752	65,195	45.6%
 i. Central Bank (including REPOs and loans to EDL to finance fuel purchases) 	15,049	17,171	19,855	24,308	+22.4%
ii. Commercial banks	27,267	29,905	31,468	29,878	-5.1%
iii. Other local currency debt (T-Bills)	7,882	9,236	10,429	11,009	+5.6%
b. Foreign Currency Debt ¹	36,761	39,398	38,604	40,816	+5.7%
i. Bilateral, multilateral and foreign private sector loans	2,584	2,606	2,752	2,475	-10.1%
ii. Paris II related debt (Eurobonds and loans) ²	2,925	2,338	1,743	1,182	-32.2%
lii. Paris III related debt (Eurobonds and loans) ³	1,313	1,187	986	810	-17.8%
iv. Market-issued Eurobonds	29,427	32,688	32,584	35,846	+10.0%
v. Accrued interest on Eurobonds	400	444	425	435	+2.4%
vi. Special T-Bills in foreign currency ⁴	112	136	114	68	-40.4%
• Public Sector Deposits	12,916	1/5,495	13,965	13,227	-5.3%
• Net Total Debt ⁵	74,043	80,215	86,391	92,784	+7.4%
• Gross Market Debt ⁶	58,623	65,386	67,373	68,799	+2.1%
Gross Market Debt as % of Total Debt	67%	68%	67%	65%	-3.1%

Debt-to-GDP ratio reached 139%, resulting from slower growth and deflationary environment which deteriorates its debt servicing capacity despite a primary surplus for two consecutive years.

MoF issued two sizeable Eurobonds in February and November 2015 in the amount of USD 2.2 billion and USD 1.6 billion respectively to help finance the fiscal deficit.

- 1. Figures for Dec 13- Dec 14 may differ from previously published data due to updated information regarding bilateral and multilateral loans in the DMFAS system.
- 2. Paris II related debt (Eurobonds and loans) including Eurobonds originally issued at USD 1,870 billion to BDL in the context of the Paris II conference.
- 3. Eurobonds issued to Malaysia as part of its Paris III contribution, IBRD loan, UAE loan, first and second tranches of the French loan received in February 2008.
- 4. Special T-Bills in Foreign currency (expropriation and contractor bonds).
- $5. \ Net \ debt \ is \ obtained \ by \ subtracting \ public \ sector \ deposits \ from \ gross \ government \ debt.$
- 6. Gross market debt equals gross debt less the portfolios of the BDL, NSSF, bilateral and multilateral loans, Paris II and Paris III related debt.

Source: MoF



▶ Domestic Debt by Maturity

Billion LBP	2012	2013	2014	2015	YOY
3 Month T-Bills	314	165	101	72	-28.7%
• 6 Month T-Bills	1,312	935	564	470	-16.7%
• 12 Month T-Bills	965	1,009	1,195	801	-33.0%
• Long-term bonds*	47,448	54,075	59,736	63,712	+6.7%
• Loans	159	128	156	140	-10.3%
• Total	50,198	56,312	61,752	65,195	+5.6%

Significant increase in long-term bonds reflects BDL's efforts at extending the yield curve by rolling-over maturing debt as banks show stronger appetite for longer maturity bonds with higher yields.

YOY figures represent the percent difference between the most recent year as compared to the previous year.

Source: BDL

▶ Lebanon's Sovereign Credit Ratings

Credit Rating Agency	Rating
• S&P	B-/ Negative
• Moody's	B2/ Negative
• Fitch	B/ Negative
	Lebanon's government credit rating outlook maintained at
	"Negative" on weak government
	finances, below potential economic activity and political
	risks/spillovers from regional
	tensions.
Source: S&P, Moody's, Fitch	

▶ Monetary Indicators

D'III a ca LDD	2010	2010		2015	West
Billions LBP	2012	2013	2014	2015	YOY
Currency in Circulation	3,213	3,408	3,647	4,014	+10.1%
• M1 (Currency in circulation + sight deposits in LBP)	7,104	7,620	8,301	9,042	+8.9%
• M2 (M1 + other deposits in LBP)	65,077	68,749	73,400	78,620	+7.1%
M3 (M2 + deposits in foreign currencies, other financial liabilities)	156,797	167,571	177,397	186,360	+5.1%
M4 (M3 + Treasury bills held by non-banking system)	164,679	176,807	187,826	197,369	5.1%

YOY figures represent the percent difference between the most recent year as compared to the previous year.

^{*} includes 24 month bonds and longer maturities



▶ Commercial Banks' Balance Sheet

Billions LBP	2012	2013	2014	2015	YOY
• Assets					
a. Reserves	79,604	82,533	96,314	107,021	+11.1%
i. Vault cash	425	576	607	693	+14.2%
ii. Deposits with Central Bank	79,179	81,957	95,708	106,329	+11.1%
b. Claims on Resident Private Sector	57,052	62,565	68,391	72,427	+5.9%
i. Claims on private sector in LBP	14,653	16,757	18,749	20,573	+9.7%
ii. Claims on private sector in foreign currencies	42,399	45,808	49,642	51,854	+4.5%
c. Claims on Public Sector	46,930	56,786	56,308	56,984	+1.2%
d. Foreign Assets	39,447	40,137	36,470	35,870	-1.6%
e. Fixed Assets (land, buildings, vehicles, etc)	5,566	5,921	6,575	7,361	+12.0%
f. Unclassified Assets	363	526	806	716	-11.2%
Total Assets	228,964	248,468	264,863	280,378	+5.9%
• Liabilities					
a. Total Resident Private Sector Deposits	152,124	162,396	172,041	180,489	+4.9%
i. Demand deposits in LBP of private sector	3,808	4,144	4,564	4,907	+7.5%
ii. Time and saving deposits in LBP of private sector	57,491	60,328	64,278	68,678	+6.8%
iii. Private Sector deposits in foreign currencies	90,825	97,924	103,199	106,904	+3.6%
b. Public Sector Deposits	4,008	4,463	4,842	5,074	+4.8%
c. Non Resident Private Sector Deposits	36,311	42,934	45,680	48,026	(+5.1%)
d. Non Resident Financial Sector Deposits	8,897	7,555	8,795	9,864	+12.2%
e. Other Financial Liabilities	396	398	352	412	+17.0%
f. Capital Accounts (net result of international investment inflow)	19,058	21,410	23, 7 19	25,153	+6.0%
g. Unclassified Liabilities	8,169	9,313	9,434	11,383	+20.7%
Total Liabilities	228,964	248,468	264,863	280,378	+5.9%

Despite the resilient share of non-resident private sector deposits, deposits growth moderated YoY from 6% in 2014 to 5% in 2015 while loans outpaced at +6% supported by BDL's additional USD 1 billion stimulus promoting the knowledge economy, housing, SMEs and renewable energy projects.



▶ Trade Indicators

Billions LBP	2012	2013	2014	2015	YOY
• Exports	6,761	6,121	4,996	4,452	-10.9%
• Imports	32,091	32,014	30,904	27,259	-11.8%
Trade Balance	(25,329)	(26,078)	(25,909)	(22,806)	-12.0%
Balance of Payments	(2,317)	(1,701)	(2,122)	(5,057)	+138.3%
Customs Revenue	2,356	2,260	2,118	2,154	+1.7%

Note: Exchange rate of 1,507.5 LBP = 1 USD is used to convert between currencies.

YOY figures represent the percent difference between the most recent year as compared to the previous year. Source: BDL

> Imports value decreased due to lower commodity prices and weaker Euro/USD. The closure of routes providing access to regional markets resulted in lower exports.

Balance of payments deteriorated from lower capital inflows including remittances, yet partially compensated by an improvement in the trade balance deficit and international aid targeting Syrian refugees.

▶ Imports by Origin

Special Imports in Billions of LBP	2012	2013	2014	2015	YOY
• China	2,672,552	3,442,157	3,745,713	3,128,174	-16.5%
• Italy	2,759,124	2,698,354	2,480,132	1,934,289	-22.0%
• Germany	1,812,172	1,872,798	1,895,037	1,843,437	-2.7%
• France	2,323,625	2,314,244	1,922,481	1,634,221	-15.0%
• United States	3,582,309	2,262,610	1,849,989	1,544,763	-16.5%
• Russia	637,921	1,358,271	1,338,054	1,243,444	-7.1%
• Greece	1,343,238	916,020	1,230,999	1,184,110	-3.8%
• Turkey	1,456,025	1,710,194	1,064,010	989,498	-7.0%
United Kingdom	782,072	953,086	810,328	779,435	-3.8%
• Spain	642,412	567,397	709,980	715,769	+0.8%
Rest of the World	14,078,532	13,917,430	13,857,799	12,250,800	-11.6%

YOY figures represent the percent difference between the most recent year as compared to the previous year.

Source: Lebanese Customs

Exports by Destination

Special Exports in Billions of LBP	2012	2013	2014	2015	YOY
Saudi Arabia	541,281	523,027	569,194	537,648	-5.5%
• UAE	530,871	500,133	482,532	471,658	-2.2%
• Iraq	318,710	410,578	385,965	338,654	-12.3%
• Syria	443,767	789,656	364,945	316,325	-13.3%
South Africa	1,303,485	600,071	447,923	293,329	-34.5%
• Jordan	214,496	213,766	195,779	169,408	-13.5%
• Egypt	132,872	110,397	126,403	133,068	+5.3%
• Qatar	128,893	141,539	140,959	118,676	-15.8%
• Turkey	237,048	275,660	218,487	116,843	-46.5%
Kuwait	102,694	110,686	110,993	101,767	-8.3%
Rest of the World	2,806,437	2,259,902	1,952,601	1,854,875	-5.0%

YOY figures represent the percent difference between the most recent year as compared to the previous year.

Source: Lebanese Customs



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